

The Dalles Chronicle.

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THE DALLES, WASCO COUNTY, OREGON, SATURDAY, AUGUST 15, 1896.

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KANSAS REPUBLICANS

State Convention Met at Topeka Today.

MORRILL'S CHANCES ARE GOOD

His Re-Nomination for Governor is Generally Conceded—The Situation at Washington.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 11.—The Republican convention to nominate a complete state ticket met at noon today. The vote on temporary organization showed that E. N. Morrill would be renominated for governor almost unanimously. Friends of Morrill presented for temporary chairman C. W. Sheldon, and the opposition presented J. F. Greenlee. Sheldon received 624 votes, Greenlee 229. The latter vote is supposed to represent the total strength of Morrill's three opponents, Troutman, Potter and Peters.

SITUATION AT WASHINGTON.

Various Party Managers Are All Confident of Success.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Political affairs are quiet at the several headquarters. The weather seems to affect the politicians. At Republican headquarters letters from Kansas, Iowa and Missouri all spoke of improvement in the political outlook, and said all that was needed was to get quantities of financial literature.

The Democratic campaign committee issued a document today on the "business men's campaign." It says that the Republicans propose such a campaign, and that the Democracy accepts the issue.

The document first quotes Mr. Bryan's declaration that the farmer or the hired employe is as much as business man as the banker or the big merchant. It then gives a list of the number of persons employed in 14 gainful pursuits, including agriculture, mining, manufacturing, transportation, the purpose being to show the comparatively small percentage comprised under the head of bankers, brokers, wholesalers and corporation officers as business men, while from the Democratic standpoint the millions of farmers, producers and laborers of all classes are as much business men as the few who live, thrive and grow rich by trading in the products of labor.

Senator Jones, chairman of the national Democratic committee; Senator Faulkner, chairman of the congressional committee, and Lawrence Gardner, of the latter committee, have gone to New York to attend the meeting of the national committee today and meet Mr. Bryan.

IT WAS A STUPID BLUNDER.

Treasury Accidentally Distributes Free-Silver Speeches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Some consternation has been created at the treasury department through the discovery that in some unexplained manner the bureau officers had been guilty of circulating some of Senator Stewart's speeches. To answer comprehensively all the many questions relating to the currency question that have been pouring in, Secretary Carlisle some time ago caused to be prepared circular No. 113, a pamphlet of fifty-three printed pages, giving much information respecting bond issues, paper currency and the like. When an application for information was received, the answer to which could be found in this pamphlet, the bureau chief receiving the letter would simply mail one of these circulars to the applicant in place of writing out an answer.

This has been going on for at least a week, and there is no telling how many circulars were sent out when a letter came to hand from one of the recipients calling attention to the fact that the department had sent in answer to his question, a copy of a strong silver speech delivered by Senator Stewart in the senate September 5th last, when a filibuster was going on.

An examination of the piles of circulars lying in the department showed that in some way the public printing office had bound up in the cover purporting to state the contents of the pamphlet a number of the silver speeches. The officials say they have found only seventeen of the speeches so far, but there is no means of learning just how many of them have been sent out under the guise of sound financial statistics.

CHICAGO DEATH LIST.

Twenty-Four Fatal Prostrations in Twenty-Four Hours.
CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—Twenty-four deaths

in Chicago during the past 24 hours from the direct effects of the heat is the record. One hundred and sixty-four deaths were reported to the health department. This is the heaviest list for one day since 1878, during the smallpox epidemic. Of these unfortunates a large number were old persons and children who died either from diseases aggravated by hot weather or from summer ailments. Thirty-seven were reported as dying from sunstroke, but not all of them perished. The listed prostrations were 88, making a total for the day of deaths and prostrations 112.

All day long yesterday hospital attendants were busy applying remedies to the victims of the intense heat. Never before in Chicago has the heat been so deadly to animal life, horses, cattle and smaller animals dying by scores from its effect. At 6 o'clock this morning the temperature stood at 86 with indications of a duplication of Monday's record.

There were 51 victims yesterday. The number promises to increase today. The weather bureau has predicted cooler weather for tonight. At 5 o'clock this morning the thermometer registered 76 at the top of the Auditorium tower, 22 stories from the ground. At 7 o'clock it was 77 degrees; at 9 85.

In the stifling tenement quarters the heat is 100 per cent more intense and fatal.

BULLET IN HIS BRAIN.

Dead Body of August Roman Found in Walla Walla.

WALLA WALLA, Aug. 11.—August Roman, a Frenchman, about 45 years old, was murdered by some unknown persons, within the city limits, either Monday morning or last night.

This morning, when the Oregon Railway & Navigation passenger train was on its way to Spokane, the trainmen saw a man's body on the ground in the rear of the cattle corral of Ennis & Co., near the track in the northern portion of town. When the train reached Prescott, the information was telegraphed here. Officers went to the place and found Roman's body lying flat on his back. The head was slightly raised against a post. By the left shoulder was a small pistol, and above the center of the forehead was a wound made by the fatal bullet. The man's face and shirt were covered with blood and the body lay in a pool of blood.

The officers removed the body to an undertaker's, and the coroner held an inquest. It was at first supposed the man had committed suicide, but a physician examined the wound and found the bullet had ranged downward and lodged in the base of the brain. No signs of powder marks were found, and the physician stated that, from the direction the ball took it was impossible for the man to have committed the deed himself.

May Travel as the Guest of James Kerr.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 11.—James Kerr, ex-member of congress for Pennsylvania, and ex-clerk of the house of representatives at Washington, chartered a special Pullman car and invited Mr. and Mrs. Bryan, Mr. and Mrs. Bland, newspaper reporters and some personal friends to be his guests from Pittsburg to New York.

THE TEST OF VALUES.

Gold Now Buys Less Labor than 25 Years Ago.

Chicago Chronicle, Dem.

No competent student places the average fall in gold prices from the maximum, about 1873 to 1895, at more than 30 per cent., and this average relates only to commodities, not to services. According to the investigation made by the senate committee on finance with the aid of the national labor bureau, there was an actual advance in wages during that period down to the close of the investigation.

Averaging the price of labor with the prices of commodities, therefore, the value of gold must have risen very much less than the decline of 30 per cent in commodity prices would indicate. But the main thing is that with respect to labor gold has actually fallen in value. It takes more gold to pay for an hour's labor now than it did 23 years ago. The greater the rise in the value of gold with respect to commodities, therefore, the better for the wage earner, for he can buy the more with the same quantity of gold.

While the tabular standard can never be made exact, it is nevertheless useful. From the various tabulations which have been made the conclusion is established beyond all reasonable doubt that the workingman can get more for his wages than he could 25 years ago, while the dollar with which to pay his debt costs him less labor.

Dalles-Moro Stage Leaves the Umatilla house 8 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
DOUGLAS ALLEN, Prop.

FORMALLY NOTIFIED

Governor Stone Makes the Addresses.

BRYAN, THE BOY ORATOR, REPLIES

He Makes an Eloquent Defense of the Chicago Platform and the Democratic Party.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—William Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska, and Arthur Sewall, of Maine, were tonight formally notified of their nomination by the Democratic party for the offices of president and vice-president, at a meeting in the big Madison-Square garden, forming a notable political event, and a remarkable climax to the remarkable tour of the presidential candidate across half the continent. An army of unnumbered thousands filled the streets and crowded about the building in the hope of securing admission. In the hall, which was like a fiery furnace, Bryan spoke to 20,000 people for nearly two hours. His address dealt almost entirely with the financial question; was more argumentative and less eloquent than his historic Chicago speech, and only in a closing appeal to the citizens of New York did he speak in the strain in which he had captured the Chicago convention. He was surrounded by many of the silver leaders. The Democratic leaders, with the exception of former State Treasurer Danforth, who presided over the meeting, and Congressman William Sulzer, who organized the Bryan club in the state, were not present.

Mr. Sewall spoke briefly after Bryan and was heartily cheered. Governor Stone, of Missouri, delivered the notification speech, which declared that the work of the Chicago convention was the work of the plain people, and that Bryan was their candidate.

After the notification meeting, Mr. Bryan was driven to the Hotel Bartholdi, facing Madison square, where he spoke again on a balcony, with Mr. Sewall and Mrs. Bryan, who shared with her husband all the honors and attention of the day. This second audience, standing in the streets, seemed to be composed mostly of workmen, and Mr. Bryan exhorted them to support the cause of free silver with one of the most effective and open speeches which he has made in the campaign. Lesser lights of the party and single-tax men held six overflow meetings on the streets around Madison square, and made speeches during the garden meeting. Altogether, the opening of the Democratic campaign made an exceedingly lively night.

The police lines were formed about 9 o'clock, by 1000 picked men. As the hours rolled on the crowd increased so rapidly that this large force was almost powerless to handle it. Twice the 40,000 men, women and children who were cheering and surging to get closer broke through the ranks, and with difficulty were driven back. Only one person was reported injured—a marvelous fact, as the enormous crowd jammed the streets for many blocks.

Bryan Has Laryngitis.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—W. J. Bryan, the Democratic nominee for the presidency, is suffering today from an attack of acute laryngitis. A specialist who was called to attend him, hopes Mr. Bryan will be able to deliver his speech at the notification meeting this evening.

A Free-Thought Congress.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—Liberals and free-thinkers from all parts of the world are preparing for a congress of liberals in Chicago, November 13, 14 and 15. R. E. Ingersoll and all the prominent American liberals are expected. Mrs. Besant will come if possible. G. W. Foote and Charles Watts, of England, have already promised to be on hand. The intention is to have a reunion and jollification of all free-thinkers, and every country on earth has been sent an invitation to be present.

Powers at Variance.

LONDON, Aug. 12.—It is semi-officially stated that there is no truth in the report published by the Daily Chronicle, that Great Britain and Russia are on the point of reaching an agreement "to save both Armenia and Crete from Turkish oppression without disturbing the peace of Europe," which agreement, it was added, would involve the presence of the Russian army in Armenia and the British fleet at Crete "to guarantee Turkish compliance with the terms of agreement." It is stated on the other hand that there is great discord among the

powers as to the measures that should be adopted regarding Crete, Russia, it is further asserted, is showing a marked disinclination to allow great pressure to be brought to bear upon the sultan.

A CRUSADE OF BLOOD.

Japanese Troops Against Natives of Formosa.

VICTORIA, Aug. 12.—From far Formosa where for upwards of a year Japanese troops have been vainly striving to crush out the seeds of post-bellum opposition to Japanese innovations, comes a story which, for barbarous cruelty, and defiant violation of all ethics of civilization, has fortunately few parallels in history.

The terrible tale of rapine, murder and wanton cruelty reached here by the steamer Empress of Japan, and fully bears out the statement on the situation in Formosa given publicly by the Rev. Dr. Mackay on his return to that island six months ago.

Other equally credible correspondents are now the witnesses against Japan, and the burden of their arraignment is that, seeing neither fame nor profit to be gained in the subjugation of the Formosans by the arts of modern warfare, recognized as legitimate by civilized nations, the Japanese troops sent to the island have embarked in a crusade of blood, their object being to crush out all signs of discontent by as far as possible exterminating the native population.

In this campaign there were no foreign powers to make protest, no foreign press representatives to herald to the world the atrocities, the telling of which would bring upon Japan the contempt of all enlightened people.

Says the Tainanfu Representative of the China Mail.

"As a result, the policy of extermination has been zealously pursued from the beginning of the campaign, and what, with the destruction of their crops, the burning of their villages, the desecration of the graves of their loved ones, the violation of their wives and daughters, and the butchery of their innocent children, the people are driven to the last expedients of desperation."

NEAGLE ON TRIAL.

He Almost Precipitates a Row in the Courtroom.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 12.—David Neagle pleaded not guilty to assaulting A. J. Collins this morning. The slayer of Judge Terry was not represented by counsel, and that fact nearly led to a sensational scene before the conclusion of the proceedings.

W. C. Cubery and other witnesses testified that Neagle was about the Southern Pacific general offices and brutally banged Collins' head against the railroad. Prosecuting Attorney Reed tried to develop testimony showing that Neagle was connected with the Southern Pacific as "bouncer." Neagle violently objected to this line of examination. Reed addressed the court, saying:

"If this man is employed as a hired ruffian, it is competent to show it."

"I am not a hired ruffian," shouted Neagle, advancing toward Reed.

Police Judge Low, believing a personal encounter imminent, suddenly continued the case until tomorrow, ordering Neagle to have an attorney present to do his talking tomorrow.

Shah's Assassin Hanged.

TEHRAN, Aug. 12.—Malloh Rezza, who assassinated the shah of Persia in May last, was hanged this morning in the presence of an immense concourse.

A LESSON IN DOLLARS.

But Mr. Bryan Could Not Profit by the Lesson.

Los Angeles Times.

A. L. Morrison of Santa Fe, in a letter to the Cleveland World, recites an incident of a trip made by Mr. Bryan to Mexico last winter, which is interesting, likewise instructive.

When he (Mr. Bryan) was in Juarez, Mexico, he saw an opal in one of the curiosity stores, with which that city abounds, which struck him as being a good one. Inquiring the price of it, the merchant told him it was \$4, meaning, although he did not say so, four Mexican dollars. Mr. Bryan thought \$4 was a good deal of money for it, and said: "I will give you \$3 for it, if you like." The merchant agreed, and Mr. Bryan there and then, much to the astonishment of the merchant, handed him three American dollars. The opal was carefully wrapped up, and Mr. Bryan departed, elated to think he had secured a good stone for \$1 less than its price. But his elation was greatly inferior to that felt by the merchant, who had secured \$6—three American dollars being nearly equal in value to six Mexican dollars—for what he had only asked \$4.

This little incident carries with it a neat little moral: Mr. Bryan may know a good opal when he sees it, but he does not know that an American silver dollar is as good as two Mexican ones.

DEATH IN THE FLOOD

Pittsburg and Vicinity Visited by Cloudbursts.

HEAVY LIFE AND PROPERTY LOSS

Six Persons Drowned at the Village of Dehaven—All Others Greatly Swollen.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 13.—A great rain storm burst over this city and vicinity this morning at 8 o'clock, deluging a territory several miles in extent, swelling the streams into torrents, sweeping away bridges and buildings and sending a score of human beings into eternity.

The storm came from the southwest. Great banks of dark, angry clouds hovered over Pittsburg and the surrounding country, turning down into darkness and striking terror to the heart. Suddenly the clouds burst asunder and the rain fell in sheets. The heavy rain lasted for fully three hours.

The storm is attributed to the approach of a cool wave from the northwest.

At Dehaven, a small town near the Wildwood oil well, six people are reported drowned.

Everything is washed out between Sharpsburg and Dehaven. Dehaven has several hundred inhabitants, and is situated about six miles north of Allegheny, on the old Butler plank road. Pine creek, which runs through the town, is a raging torrent. Houses, oil tanks and barns lodged against the Pittsburg & Western railroad bridge at Etna, where at 11 o'clock there was eight feet of water on the main street.

Residents are seeking safety on the hillsides. The lowlands at Sharpsburg are under water, and the flood is spreading rapidly.

Reports from Capin Creek valley indicate that the loss of life from the cloudburst will be heavy. At 12:45 p. m., thirty lives were reported lost. The whole Pine Creek valley, eight miles in length, is devastated. At Dehaven, an entire family named Appleton was drowned. Among the others lost are Mr. Thomas Byrnes, Mrs. Thompson. At Etna the water rose so rapidly that the employes at Spang, Chatfield & Company's iron works were compelled to swim for their lives. The foundry of the workmen narrowly escaped.

OVER-THE-WATER COMMENT.

Logical Reasoning Awaits Our Possible Change of Standards.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—The Westminster Gazette, in a financial article this afternoon, says:

"Bryan's speech will certainly not increase confidence in the minds of investors. It is replete with financial heresies and will cause investors everywhere to desire to withdraw their money from America while they are able to obtain gold in payment for debts. Should the free-silver party be elected, gold undoubtedly will be driven out of circulation and a substantial premium at once be demanded by those possessing it."

"We do not believe individual Americans will take advantage of the political dishonesty proposed by the Democratic convention, whereby even existing contracts calling for payment in gold will not be valid, when free coinage is carried. It is, however, certain that railroads owing large amounts of gold debt would, with a premium on gold, be unable to meet their interest obligations, temporarily, at any rate, and be forced to pay some of their debts in currency or become bankrupt. The fear of such a contingency renders it extremely difficult to sell any but the highest class of American railway bonds at the present time. Still it is hoped the Eastern electors appreciate the danger ahead, and will support the candidate pledged to maintain the gold standard, otherwise we are likely to witness a crisis of unequaled severity on the stock exchange."

BRYAN NOT DISCOURAGED.

Adverse Criticism Fails to Phase the Boy Orator.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—If Mr. Bryan had any doubts as to the success of his speech last night he did not show it this morning. He was up early, read the newspaper interviews and comments. The adverse tone of most of the articles did not seem to worry him in the least. He was especially gratified at the fact that all the newspapers printed his speech.

"I did not expect to overcome all the prejudice at one blow. Neither did I expect to see the North river on fire with

oratory. It was not the time for oratory, but for serious argument and discussion. I am pleased with my reception."



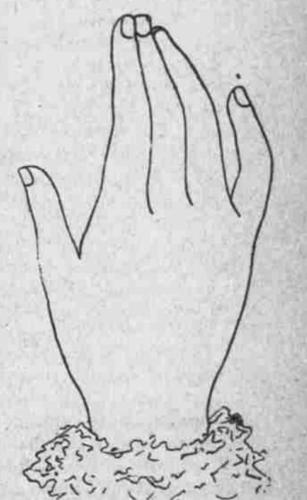
A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest United States Government Food Report.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., New York

A Coxy General Recognized.

The selection of "General" Shreffler, for a place on the pay rolls of the city, even in so humble a capacity as driver of a street-sweeper, has amazed many taxpayers. Almost anything was expected of Penoyer, says the Oregonian, but giving the ringleader of the Coxy movement in Oregon a place is deemed a little more than might have been expected.

Over two years ago, after "General" Shreffler had marched out of Portland and captured a railroad train on the O. R. & N. line, he, with others, was arraigned before Judge Bellinger in the United States court, for contempt of court. Ed. Teesdale, the labor agitator, secured the services of Frank V. Drake and Judge M. L. Pipes to appear for the men. They agreed to do so, but only on the stipulation that Shreffler and his crowd would plead guilty and throw themselves entirely on the mercy of the court. This was agreed to, and when they marched into the courtroom, the plea was so made. Shreffler was allowed to address the court, and distinctly promised, if not punished then, he would abstain from further riotous acts. Each of his associates made the same promise, and Judge Bellinger discharged them without punishment. "They had no thought of keeping their word, but, starting out, after passing the Oregon boundary line, they seized another train. They met with a sterner kind of justice in Idaho. The United States judge there sent Shreffler and his ragamuffin companions to jail for six months. He and some of his associates returned to Portland, and later Breckenridge, one of the lot, went to California and is now serving a life term in the penitentiary."

After he had been hanging about Portland for two years or more, Penoyer has recognized Shreffler by turning out a poor cripple and giving his place to a Coxyite.



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CUTICURA SOAP purifies and beautifies the skin by restoring to healthy activity the CLOGGED, INFLAMED, IRRITATED, SLUGGISH, or OVERWORKED PORES.

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